

LANSTONS SEPARATE OVER BELGIAN GIRL

Monotype Inventor's Son, Aubrey, Agrees to Pay Wife Over \$300 Monthly.

MET "SOUL MATE" ABROAD

Mrs. Lanston Seizes Alleged Love Letters Written by Husband to Affinity.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—Aubrey Lanston, son of the inventor of the monotype machine, who has been sued for a separation by his wife because of his alleged infatuation for "Margot the beautiful," a Belgian girl, reached an agreement today with Mrs. Lanston's attorney by which he is to furnish more than \$300 monthly for her support and that of their two children.

Lanston was arrested last night under an ex parte proceedings brought by his wife's attorney, who sought to prevent his leaving the city.

Lanston's acquaintance with the Belgian girl began last summer when he was in Europe with his father, who was declared that he had learned of the state of affairs through letters written by her husband to "Margot" which came into her possession.

Deposits for Dresses

"I told you in my letter that I mean to do in that line, did I not? I will not write to you again from here on account of my wife, but I am sure you will understand this. About the first week in October I will deposit a sum to your credit with one of the large banks in New York, but it will not be a large one, because after that you will receive from me every week without any other gifts. The reason I am almost at the end of this big journey with my family and that before going to you will have to give them much money, and because, again, I will have to come over to Belgium."

"When you write to me do not sign your letter 'Margot La Belle,' darling. It's true that you are pretty, but it is not so nice to see it written by you about yourself. Nay, do not be annoyed because I tell you that, pray. You see what an old man I am, and that is the reason why I consider myself privileged to give you advice."

One always seeks after happiness.

"I believe I have found it with you." These paragraphs are taken from another letter.

"You do not guess how I have your comfort to heart. I have lots of respect for little girls who do work. As a writer I understand the difficulties, aspirations, disappointments of such a life."

"I really admire the courage of these girls in spite of their being tired and hungry—hungry not always for food, but for the small things so dear to the woman's heart, heart's desire, heart's gloves, good shoes, pretty hats, dresses, all that a young girl desires. I do know it, and also I know where this often leads—*to Montmartre.*"

Glad to Help Her

"I am glad I can help you—give you these little things, and I will be glad if you do use these opportunities to be really the good and gentle little woman which I dare say you yearn to be."

"And this is exactly what I want of you, my little one. I want you to be very happy when I will see you, and the two things: Love of your own self and the inspiration to frame your destiny—to be really gentle and good, and not for money's sake, but for your own character's sake, to command respect and respect yourself."

"This is what I mean when I tell you I love you. Good night."

The Lanstons arrived in New York last Saturday from the European tour which shipwrecked their matrimonial bark. The couple were married April 18, 1910, and lived happily until the wife discovered the letters alleged to have been written by her husband to "Margot."

When she upbraided her husband for his infatuation, Mr. Lanston says, he not only admitted that he had discovered his infatuation but tried to persuade her to sanction the new friendship.

Mrs. Lanston told the court that she attempted to justify his request with the argument that "such relationships are deemed free from moral objection among many European people."

Mrs. Lanston declares that her husband enjoys a trust estate of \$100,000 and also gets \$600 a month from the estate of his father, Talbert Lanston.

IMMIGRANT TOTAL 1,197,692.

Figures of Last Fiscal Year Highest Except Those of 1907.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—More immigrants arrived in the United States in the fiscal year ended June 30 last than in any preceding year with one exception. The one exception is the fiscal year ended June 30, 1907, when the number was 1,253,549. In the twelve months to June 30 last, 1,197,692 aliens entered the country.

In only five years since 1820 have more than a million immigrants reached the United States—1905, 1906, 1907, 1910 and 1913.

In the last fiscal year, 231,613 immigrants came from south Italy, this being more than twice the number from any other country, except Poland, which sent 174,565.

In 1912 Germany sent 65,343 immigrants, and in 1913, 80,865; 1914, 88,282; in 1915, 20,652. In 1912 England sent 49,689; in 1913, 55,522. The increase from Ireland was not so great, the record being, in 1912, 33,932 and in 1913, 37,023.

The 1913 total was made up of 808,144 males and 389,548 females. Males to the number of 15,462 were debarré, females, 4,276.

Roosevelt Gets Track of Lost.

MINNOLA, La., Sept. 23.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt, who has been looking for a detective and with George Parker, the Colonel's former butler, yesterday in the county jail and learned that the fox, Jack pin and watch, the articles still missing in the lost taken from the Roosevelt home at Oyster Bay some time ago, were in Manhattan in the hands of a man named Parker. Parker told John Conrad, the night jailer, that he had the articles with Taylor and that his whereabouts could be found.

Secretary Daniels Goes to Indiana.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—Secretary Daniels left Washington this evening for Indianapolis, Ind., where he will address the members of the Indiana Press Association on the relation of newspapers to the Government. He expects to be back in Washington late Thursday.

5% TAX EXEMPT GUARANTEED MORTGAGES

TAX DAY October 1

LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO. Capital & Surplus \$5,000,000. RICHARD M. WARD, President. 10 LIBERTY ST. N.Y. 101 Montgomery St., Wash.

M'REYNOLDS FAVORS THE POLLOCK OPINION

Known to Hold Commercialism Essential to Violate Mann Act.

Supreme Court to Decide

Diverse Rulings in Diggs and Baker Cases Must Lead to Speedy Appeal.

Washington, Sept. 23.—An interpretation of the Mann act by United States District Judge John C. Pollock at Wichita, Kan., that the law is not intended to cover cases of the transportation of women from one State to another for immoral purposes where the commercial feature of the violation cannot be established aroused a great deal of interest here today. This interpretation was indirect opposition to that of Judge Van Fleet at San Francisco in the Caminetti-Diggs case.

It is asserted without qualification by friends of Attorney-General McReynolds that his views are identical with those of Judge Pollock, and that Mr. McReynolds does not believe it to be the duty of the Government to prosecute the indictment of every man who pays for the transportation of a woman across a State line merely for the purpose of committing an act of personal immorality.

In official circles it was pointed out that former Attorney-General Wickham held that the Mann act originally was designed to bring to punishment only persons guilty of trafficking in "white slaves" through interstate commerce for monetary considerations. This was regarded as a settled view of the Department of Justice during its tenure.

Aside from this Mr. McReynolds is said to consider that the practical difficulty of efficient administration of the law should be the Van Fleet interpretation be accepted, which would be almost insupportable.

An argument which has been advanced against this interpretation is that it involves an unconstitutional assumption of the prerogative of a State to set forth what shall be considered moral and immoral within its borders.

The California case and the Kansas case, it is believed, furnish ideal illustrations of the two viewpoints from which legal authorities regard the white slave law.

In the California case F. Drew (Caminetti) and Mary I. Diggs were charged with having transported Lola Norris and Marsha Warrington from Sacramento to Reno, Nev., for the purpose of maintaining an immoral relationship with them. It was maintained by the attorneys for the prosecution that the commercial feature of the white slave act had entered into the offense charged against the two Californians.

The case which resulted in the opposing interpretation, Judge Pollock, in the case of Baker of Peabody, Kan. The aspects of the case are said to have been much the same as those of the California case. The attorney for Baker expected the same ruling from the bench and for this reason advised his client to plead guilty. The judge directed that the plea should be changed.

PLEA FOR COMMERCE COURT.

McReynolds Says Its Abolition Would Be Unwise.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—Attorney-General McReynolds threw his influence behind the fight for the retention of the United States Commerce Court when he appeared to testify before the Senate Appropriations Committee today.

The Attorney-General strongly disapproved the plan to abolish the court, declaring that it should not only be retained but should have broader powers and more work to do.

The Attorney-General's views on the court interposed his remarks at a hearing on certain appropriations which he desires for the Department of Justice.

Mr. McReynolds made no secret of his belief that the proposed abolition of the judgeships was fraught with dangerous possibilities for the judicial system of the country. The abolition of these judgeships through an appropriation bill, in the opinion of the Attorney-General, would amount in substance to the recall of the judges.

He pointed out that under the Constitution these Federal Judges, like all others, have been appointed to hold office during good behavior. Although he carefully refrained from declaring the provision passed by the House to be unconstitutional, he did say that Congress has just as much right to refuse to appropriate a salary for other Federal Judges as to refuse to provide for the judges who are now assigned to the Commerce Court.

Aside from the constitutional aspects of the proposed abolition of the judgeships, Mr. McReynolds believes that the action would be unwise. If the Commerce Court is to be abolished, as he expects it will be, he believes the Judges should be reassigned to circuit work.

GRABS PUBLISHER OF 'BOOK WITH PURPOSE'

"Hagar Revelly" Causes Anthony Comstock to Make Raid on Kennerley.

CLERK ALSO IS ARESTED

Volume Praised by Ida Tarbell Called "Filthy" in Affidavit by Comstock.

The office of Mitchell Kennerley, publisher, at 2 East Twenty-ninth street, was raided yesterday by Anthony Comstock, who charged Kennerley with sending an immoral book, through the mails. The book is "Hagar Revelly," by Daniel Carson Goodman. It was barred by the Boston Public Library recently.

Mr. Kennerley was arrested on a warrant sworn to by Comstock and taken before United States Commissioner Shields, who held the publisher in \$1,500 bail for examination on Wednesday. At the same time William Cleary, a salesman for Kennerley, was arrested also in connection with the sale of the book and taken before Magistrate Corrigan in the Yorkville court. He was held in \$500 bail for examination.

The book deals with the life of a woman who is sold to girls in department stores, but contends that the girl goes wrong not because of the low wages, but because she has not the strength of character to stay straight. It tells the stories of two girls raised in the same environment. One falls under the temptations presented to her and the other comes out of the life unscathed.

Comstock in his affidavit was not contented with the printed form which described the book in obscene, lewd, lascivious and indecent, but wrote in with a new adjective—filthy. The complaint states that Mr. Kennerley mailed a copy of the book to Chris Gerard of Pocomoke, City, Md.

"This case is ridiculous," said Mr. Kennerley. "Comstock did not read the whole book. He merely read the part which deals with Hagar's acquaintance with one of her bosses in the store."

Mr. Kennerley said that Ida Tarbell, the magazine writer, had endorsed his book and had promised him she would testify in his behalf in the event of any prosecution. The publisher did not explain whether or not he anticipated prosecution before the book was published.

He said he would give out a further statement in the afternoon explaining the purpose of the book, but he dodged interviewers when sought.

Ida Tarbell wrote of "Hagar Revelly" as the author as follows:

"You seem to have gone direct to life for your material and to have dealt honestly and reverently with what you have found. I believe this is the way that life runs with girls like Hagar. She ought to be more illuminating than many vice reports to those good people who are trying to find out why girls go wrong and looking everywhere but in the girls' minds and hearts to find out."

"You have found out a secret more difficult than why girls go wrong, and that is why thousands upon thousands of girls go right in spite of hardship and work and sacrifice of every kind. I don't remember ever to have seen in any literature a more truthful presentation of the real reasons why some girls go wrong and others do not than you have worked out in 'Hagar Revelly.'"

Most of the critics agreed that "Hagar Revelly" was frank and realistic, to say the least.

TARIFF RUSH PLANS UPSET.

Outlook Is That Work Will Run Into Next Week.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—The plan of the Democratic leaders to rush through the conference report on the tariff bill this week so that President Wilson may sign it before the adjournment of Congress has been upset. The indications are that work on the measure will run into next week.

The conferees adopted today in a modified form the Senate amendment prohibiting lawyers from negotiating for in customs cases. They passed over retaliatory provisions of the bill, the House's anti-dumping clause to which the Senate objects and the section granting a right of appeal to the courts in cases carried on American owned vessels.

A modification was made also in the House provision authorizing the Government to resort to injunctive methods in ascertaining foreign market values. As the provision was adopted by the House if contemplated requiring foreign makers to submit their books for examination. The provision now adopted does not exclude goods where such examination is refused, but prescribes a fine for such refusal in the form of increased taxes.

The conferees will take up the Clarke cotton futures tax amendment tomorrow and then pass on to other sections.

Princes at Picnic

Nicola Sagudino to Alvin Foscari.

London, May 3, 1915.

"The Queen went to a picnic where they found the King with his guard, all clad in the dress of green and gold, and in his hands a long sword. In this wood were certain birds feeding purposely with singing birds which were called homewards certain tall pine-trees, being placed on cars and surrounded by the King's guard, the music playing the whole way to Greenwood."

THE YOUTH OF HENRY VIII.

By Frank A. Mumby.

Secure a copy from your bookstore.

10,000 COLUMBIA STUDENTS.

Registrations Following Opening Today May Increase That Number.

Columbia University begins today its one hundred and sixtieth year with a registration that promises to be well over the 10,000 mark. Official enrollment for the undergraduate and professional departments was supposed to have been completed last night, but it will be several days before the final lists are made up and another week at least before the students in the various graduate courses are all registered. Estimates, however, based on the heavy enrollment last week make the total registration about one thousand more than last year, when there were 9,000 students on Morningside Heights, not including 2,400 in the evening courses.

Aside from the formal opening exercises of the university, which are to be held today, an Alumni trustee is to be designated at a nominating convention of the alumni for the place made vacant by the death of Dr. Pierpont Morgan. Alumni from all parts of the country will be represented at the convention, which is to be held in the university library. There is strong sentiment that a graduate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, the medical division of Columbia, be named for the vacancy, and there seems every likelihood that Dr. Walter Mendelson, '78, will be chosen. If he is selected Dr. Mendelson will be the fourth member of the board chosen by the alumni from among their number. The others are Benjamin Bowden Lawrence, William Fellows Morgan and James Duane Livingston.

PRIVATE SCHOOLS AND ACADEMIES

FOR BOYS AND YOUNG MEN.

PORT DEPOSIT, MD.

FOR BOYS AND YOUNG MEN.

PORT DEPOSIT, MD.

FOR GIRLS AND YOUNG WOMEN.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR GIRLS AND YOUNG WOMEN.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

HEIGHTS, NOT INCLUDING 2,400 IN THE EVENING COURSES.

Aside from the formal opening exercises of the university, which are to be held today, an Alumni trustee is to be designated at a nominating convention of the alumni for the place made vacant by the death of Dr. Pierpont Morgan. Alumni from all parts of the country will be represented at the convention, which is to be held in the university library. There is strong sentiment that a graduate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, the medical division of Columbia, be named for the vacancy, and there seems every likelihood that Dr. Walter Mendelson, '78, will be chosen. If he is selected Dr. Mendelson will be the fourth member of the board chosen by the alumni from among their number. The others are Benjamin Bowden Lawrence, William Fellows Morgan and James Duane Livingston.

PRIVATE SCHOOLS AND ACADEMIES

FOR BOYS AND YOUNG MEN.

PORT DEPOSIT, MD.

FOR BOYS AND YOUNG MEN.

PORT DEPOSIT, MD.

FOR GIRLS AND YOUNG WOMEN.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR GIRLS AND YOUNG WOMEN.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

NEW YORK—New York City.